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Label: Article **Jahr:** 1977

PURL: https://resolver.sub.uni-goettingen.de/purl?316342866_0018|log81

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COMMENTATIONES MATHEMATICAE UNIVERSITATIS CAROLINAE

18,4 (1977)

GENERALIZED PERIODIC SOLUTIONS OF NONLINEAR TELEGRAPH EQUATIONS

(Preliminary Communication)

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Abstract: We state the existence theorems for generalized solutions of nonlinear telegraph equations. This improves the earlier results from this field.

 $\underline{\text{Key words}}\colon$ Nonlinear telegraph equations, periodic problems, generalized solutions.

AMS: 35 L 60 Ref. Ž.: 7.956

Consider the generalized periodic solutions of nonlinear telegraph equation of the form

(1) $\beta u_t + u_{tt} - u_{xx} - \mu u^+ + \mu u^- + \psi(u) = h(t,x)$

(where $\beta \neq 0$, α , ν are real parameters, ψ is a continuous and bounded real function and h is square Lebesgue integrable over I^2 with $I = [0, 2\pi]$) the study of which was initiated in [2].

A generalized periodic solution of (1) (shortly GPS) is a real function $u \in I_2(I^2)$ (with the usual inner product (.,.)), such that, for all real C^2 -functions v on I^2 which are 2π -periodic in both variables, one has

(2) $(u, -\beta v_t + v_{tt} - v_{xx}) = (\mu u^+ - \nu u^- - \psi(u) + h, v).$

Our main results are summarized in the following three

theorems.

Theorem 1. Let $\mu = \nu = q^2$ where q is nonnegative integer. Let ψ be a continuous bounded and odd function. Suppose that there exists a > 0 such that

(4)
$$\lim_{\xi \to \infty} \xi^2 \min_{\tau \in (a, \xi)} \psi(\tau) = \infty \quad \text{if } q = 1, 2, \dots$$

Then (1) has at least one GPS provided

for arbitrary $\varphi \in (-\infty, \infty)$ if q = 1, 2, ...

Before formulating the next result we introduce the following definition (see [1]). The bounded continuous non-trivial and odd function ψ is said to be expansive if for each p with

$$0 \leq p < \sup_{\xi \in \mathbb{R}^1} \psi(\xi),$$

there exist sequences $0 < a_k < b_k$, with

$$\lim_{k\to\infty}\frac{b_k}{a_k}=\infty,$$

such that

$$\lim_{k\to\infty} \min_{\xi\in[a_k,b_k]} \psi(\xi) > p.$$

(Examples of expansive functions are given in [1].)

Theorem 2. Let $\mu = \nu = q^2$ for some q = 0,1,2,.... Let ψ be an expansive function. Then (1) has at least one GPS provided

(7)
$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} h(t,x) dx dt \Big| < (2\pi)^2 \sup_{\xi \in \mathbb{R}^4} \psi(\xi) \text{ if } q = 0$$
,

(8)
$$\sup_{\varphi \in \mathbb{R}^{1}} \left| \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} h(t,x) \sin(qx + \varphi) dx dt \right| <$$

$$< 8\pi \sup_{\xi \in \mathbb{R}^{1}} \psi(\xi) \text{ if } q = 1,2,.....$$

The reader is invited to sketch a picture of the set ${\mathfrak M}$ in the following theorem.

Theorem 3. Put

$$\begin{split} \mathfrak{M} &= \{(\mu, \nu) \in \mathbb{R}^2; \ \mu < 0, \ \nu < 0 \} \cup \underset{k=0}{\overset{\infty}{\smile}} \{(\mu, \nu) \in \mathbb{R}^2; \\ \mu^{1/2} > \frac{k}{2}, \ \omega_k(\mu^{1/2}) < \nu^{1/2} < \omega_{k+1}(\mu^{1/2}) \}, \end{split}$$

where

$$\omega_{\mathbf{k}}(\tau) = \frac{\mathbf{k}\tau}{2\tau - \mathbf{k}}, \quad \tau \in (\frac{\mathbf{k}}{2}, \infty).$$

If $(\mu, \nu) \in \mathcal{M}$ then (1) has at least one GPS for any $h \in L_p(I^2)$.

The results were obtained during the time of Czechoslovak Conference on Differential Equations and Their Applications "EQUADIFF 4", August 22-26, 1977, Prague, Czechoslovakia. The proofs will appear later in Nonlinear Analysis.

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(Oblatum 18.10.1977)