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## Kontakt/Contact

Digizeitschriften e.V.  
SUB Göttingen  
Platz der Göttinger Sieben 1  
37073 Göttingen

✉ [info@digizeitschriften.de](mailto:info@digizeitschriften.de)

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A NOTE ON SEPARATION BY LINEAR MAPPINGS

Milan VLACH, Praha

**Abstract:** Recently K.H. Elster [1] and R. Nehse [2] have introduced a concept of separation of two convex sets by linear mappings. The purpose of this note is to illustrate how these results can be extended to finite families of convex sets.

**Key-words:** Separation of convex sets, ordered linear space, linear mapping.

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**Theorem.** Let  $L$  be a real linear space and  $(P, \leq)$  a real ordered linear space. If there is  $y \in P$  such that  $y > 0$  then for each finite family  $\{A_i : i \in I\}$  of convex subsets of  $L$  such that each  $A_i$  has nonempty intrinsic core  $A_i^0$  and  $\bigcap_{i \in I} A_i^0 = \emptyset$  there exists a family  $\{y_i : i \in I\}$  of points in  $P$  and a family  $\{F_i : i \in I\}$  of linear mappings of  $L$  to  $P$  with the following properties :

- (1)  $A_i \subset \{x \in L \mid F_i(x) \leq y_i\}$  for every  $i \in I$ ,
- (2)  $\sum_{i \in I} F_i = 0$  and  $\sum_{i \in I} y_i \leq 0$ ,
- (3) there is  $i \in I$  such that  $F_i \neq 0$ .

**Proof.** By the separation theorem of [3] there is a family  $\{f_i : i \in I\}$  of linear functionals on  $L$  and a family  $\{\lambda_i : i \in I\}$  of real numbers such that

$\Lambda_i \subset \{x \in L | f_i(x) \leq \lambda_i\}$  for every  $i \in I$ ,  
 $\sum_{i \in I} f_i = 0$  and  $\sum_{i \in I} \lambda_i \leq 0$ ,  
 $f_i \neq 0$  for some  $i \in I$ .

Defining

$$F_i(x) = f_i(x)y, \quad y_i = \lambda_i y,$$

where  $y$  is a fixed element of  $P$  with  $y > 0$ , one obtains the required results by applying the rules (for  $z \in P$  and real numbers  $\lambda, \mu$ ):

$$\lambda \neq 0 \text{ and } z \neq 0 \Rightarrow \lambda z \neq 0,$$

$$\lambda \leq 0 \text{ and } z > 0 \Rightarrow \lambda z \leq 0,$$

$$\lambda \leq \mu \text{ and } z > 0 \Rightarrow \lambda z \leq \mu z.$$

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Matematicko-fyzikální fakulta  
 Universita Karlova  
 Malostranské nám. 25, Praha 1  
 Československo

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