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We close the paper by two simple corollaries of Theorem 1.

Corollary 1. *Let* $0 \leqq r < 1$. *Then* $C(B_{n,\infty}, r, n) = \min\{1, (1 + r)^n - 1\}$.

Proof. Note that $w_{in} = \alpha_i$ for $i = 1, \ldots, n$ and apply Theorem 1.

Corollary 2. *Let* $0 < s \leqq 1$. *If* $A \in L(B_{n,\infty})$, $|A|_\infty \leqq 1$ *and* $|A^n|_\infty = s$, *then* $|A|_\sigma \geqq$ $\geqq (1 + s)^{1/n} - 1$.

Proof. If $|A|_\sigma = r < (1 + s)^{1/n} - 1$, then

$$|A^n|_\infty \leqq C(B_{n,\infty}, r, n) \leqq (1 + r)^n - 1 < s\,.$$

This study was suggested by V. Pták, to whom I wish to express here my thanks.

References

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