

## Werk

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Proof. From (2.6) we have

$$\omega_E([B_j]) = \|F_q\|_{E^*}, \quad n+1 \leq q \leq r.$$

Using (3.7), (2.8) we obtain

$$(3.9) \quad Q_E(U_n, [B_j]) \leq \|F_q\|_{E^*} \cdot \|x_{n+1}\| \leq 2K \frac{\|x_{n+1}\|}{\|x_q\|} \leq 2K.$$

The orthogonality implies (cf. [8], p. 556)  $\|F_j\|_{E^*} = \|x_j\|_E^{-1}$  and, instead of (3.9), we have

$$Q_E(U_n, [B_j]) \leq \|x_q\|^{-1} \cdot \|x_{n+1}\| \leq 1.$$

The theorem is proved.

Remark 3.1. The conclusions on the advantage of the approximation  $[B_j]$  can be given more practical meaning by replacing the functionals  $F_k$  in (2.4) by sequences of functionals assumed to be convergent to  $F_k$  in every  $E \in \mathfrak{B}$ . The whole procedure would be the same as in [5] where this was done for a special class of Hilbert spaces. So, asymptotic results analogous to the above “theoretical” ones could be obtained having computational character. Since the procedure would bring nothing new as compared with [5] we have omitted this aspect in the present paper.

#### References

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